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ACCESSION NR: AP4037285

AUTHORS: Korshak, V. V.; Frunze, T. M.; Izywneyev, A. A.; Shishkina, T. N.

TITLE: Synthesis of polymers by the polycyclization reaction. 4. Synthesis of mixed polyamidobenzimidazoles from 3,3'-diaminobenzidine, hexamethylonediamine, and diphenylsebacate

SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 5, 1964, 901-905

TOPIC TAGS: polymer polycyclization reaction, mixed polyamidobenzimidazole, diaminobenzidine hexamethylenediamine diphenylsebacate, polyamidization reaction

ABSTRACT: The polycondensation of 3,3'-diaminobenzidine (DAB), hexamethylene-diamine (HMD) and diphenylsebacate (DFS) was conducted in a current of nitrogen, and the products were heated in a 1 mm vacuum and a 10-3 vacuum. The properties of the obtained mixed polyamidobenzimidasoles varied, depending on the ratio of the issuing materials, the temperature, and the duration of the polymerisation reaction, but all of them contained blocks of the structure.

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RODE, V.V.; ZEICHEVLEVA, I.V.; RAFIKOV, S.R.; KORCHAR, V.V.; THEOGRADOVA, S.V.; SALAZEIN, S.N.

Chemical transformation of polymers. Part 18. Vysokom. soed. 6 (HTRA 18:2)

ACCESSION NR: APLOLOLO7

s/0190/64/006/006/1078/1086

AUTHORS: Korshak, V. V.; Krongauz, Ye. S.; Berlin, A. M.

TITLE: Synthesis of polymers by the polycyclization reaction. 5. Polypyrazoles

SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 6, 1964, 1078-1086

TOPIC TAGS: polycyclization reaction, branched diketone, adipic acid dihydrazide, keto enol tautomerism, polypyrazole, polyhydrazone

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of an earlier work by the authors and P. N. Gribkova (Dokl. AN SSSR,149,602,1953 [Abstracter's note: 1963?]) on the interaction of bis-(β -diketones) with the dihydrazide of adipic acid (DAA). The present investigation differed from the previous one in that instead of linear diketones it involved branched diketones of the type

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where the R is either absent or represents CH₂, CH₂C₆H₄CH₂, CH₂C₆H₄CH₂, or CH₂C₆H₄CC₆H₄CH₂. The synthesis of these monomers with DAA was conducted by heating equimolecular quantities of the reactants either in absolute ethanol or in a melt for periods up to 10 hours at 80-170C. The obtained polyhydrazones or polypyrazoles were analyzed and their melting point, viscosity (in cresol or sulfuric acid), and infrared spectra were recorded. It was found that the reaction of tetraacetyldiethylbenzol-, of 4,4'-bis-(2",2"-diacetoethyl)diphenyl-, and of 4,4'-bis-(2",2"-diacetoethyl)diphenyloxide with DAA yielded polypiperazoles, while the other diketones produced polyhydrazones. In the opinion of the authors, the composition reactivity of the end product of the reaction is determined by the keto-enol tautomerism of the original diketones and by their cis- or trans-configuration. The keto form led directly to polypyrazoles, the trans-enol configuration yielded only polyhydrazones, while the cis-onol form yielded polypyrazoles through the polyhydrazone intermediate stage. V. E. Sheina supplied the tetraacetylpropane and carried out its purification. Orig. art. has: 3 tables and 4 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementeorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN 885R. (Institute of

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ACCESSION NR: APHOLO488

5/0190/64/006/006/1087/1091

AUTHORS: Korshak, V. V.; Krongauz, Ye. S.; Berlin, A. M.; Travnikova, A. P.

TITLE: Synthesis of polymers by the polycyclization reaction. 6. Polypyrazoles

SOURCE: Vywsokomolekulyarnywye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 6, 1964, 1087-1091

TOPIC TAGS: polycyclization reaction, polypryazole, bipyrazole polycondensation, dicarboxylic acid chloride, diketone polycyclization, dicarboxylic acid dihydrazide

ABSTRACT: The investigators attempted to synthesize polypyrazoles from compounds containing pyrazole cycles. The desired results were achieved by polycomiensation of bipyrazoles with the chlorides of dicarboxylic acids according to the reaction

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ACCESSION NR: APHOLO488

where $X = C_6H_4(CH_2)_2C_6H_4$; $C_6H_4OC_6H_4$; $CH_2C_6H_4CH_2$; $(CH_2)_6$; $R = CH_3$, C_6H_5 ; $Y = (CH_2)_4$, C_6H_4 .

A total of 8 bypyrazoles were synthesized. Seven of them were new and represented: 4,4'-bis-(5-methylpyrazolyl-3)diphenyloxide, 4,4'-bis-(3,5-dimethylpyrazolyl-4) xylilene, 4,4'-bis-(3,5-dimethylpyrazolyl-4)methyl/diphenyloxide, 4,4'-bis-(3,5-dimethylpyrazolyl-4)methyl/diphenyloxide, 4,4'-bis-(3,5-dimethylpyrazolyl-4), and 4,4'-bis-(5-methylpyrazolyl-3)diphenyldisulfide. The procedure was started by mixing 30-40 ml of pyridine with 0.1 mole quantities of one of the bypyrazoles. To these mixtures were added (dropwise) 0.1 mole amounts of adipic, terephthalic, or isophthalic acid chloride, dissolved in 20 ml of xylene. The contents of the flasks were stirred and cooled for several hours. They were then heated for a long time to 100-125C, and were allowed to stand overnight. The polypyrazoles so produced were identical with the polypyrazoles ob-

Card 2/3

ACCESSION NR: APLOLOUS8

tained by polycyclization of bis-(β -diketones) with the dihydrazides of the corresponding dicarboxylic acids. The latter group was described in an earlier publication by the authors and P. N. Gritkova (Dokl. AN SSSR, 148, 602, 1963). Orig. art. has: 3 tables and 1 formula.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganichskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute of Elementoorganic Compounds, AN SSSR)

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ACCESSION NR: AP4042185

S/0190/64/006/007/1195/1202

AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Krongauz, Ye. S.; Berlin, A. M.; Smirnova, T. Ya.

TITLE: Synthesis of polymers by polycyclization. Polypyrazoles. VII.

SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 7, 1964, 1195-1202

TOPIC TAGS: polypyrazole, polycyclization reaction, bis-(6-diketone), dihydrazine, hexamethylenehydrazine dihydrochloride, p-phenylene-hydrazine dihydrochloride, polypyrazole property

ABSTRACT: The authors have synthesized polypyrazoles (mp,. 200-300C) by polycylization of linear and branched bis-(8-diketones) with dihydrazides of dicarboxylic acids. In an attempt to develop polypyrazoles with a higher heat resistance, dihydrazides were replaced
with dihydrazine, or amide groups were introduced in the polymers to
form hydrogen bonds. Polycyclization of bis-(8-diketones) with
hexamethylene- or p-phenylenehydrazine dihydrochlorides in boiling
alcohol with alkali added to separate and bind HCl, or heating equimolar amounts of the initial materials in pyridine, yielded
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ACCESSION NR: AP4042185

polypyrazoles — powders with a mp of 80—265C and a molecular weight of 5000. Polypyrazoles containing amide groups in the backbone were synthesized by reacting dipyrazoles with diisocyanates in chlorobenzene or by melting the initial materials in nitrogen. These polymers are white powders with a mp of 208—276C and a molecular weight of up to 10,000. In spectra indicate that they do not contain hydrogen bonds. Thus, the attempt to synthesize heat-resistant polymyrozoles failed. The presence of heavy pyrazole rings upsets the symmetry and loosens the packing density of the polymer chains, and, as a result, prevents the formation of hydrogen bonds. Orig. art.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, AN SSSR)

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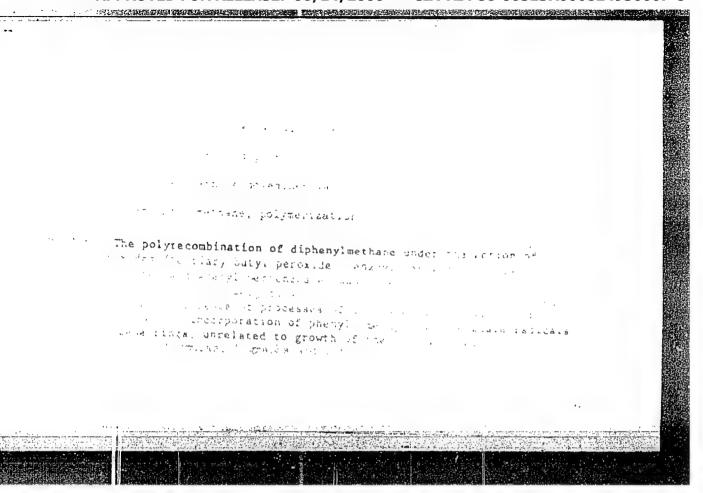
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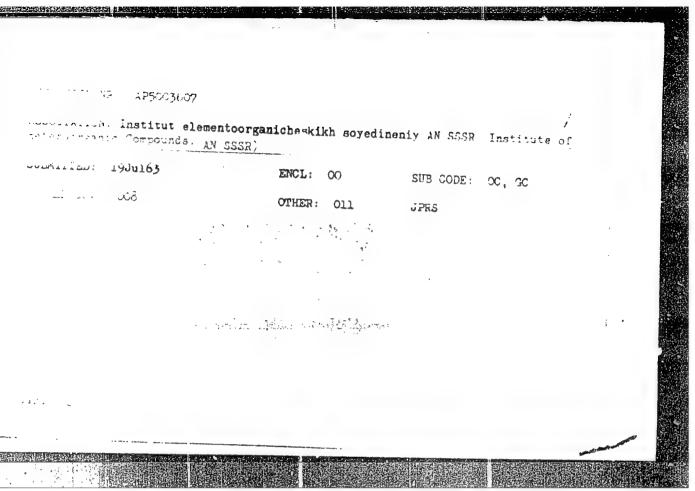
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Ext(m)/EPF(c)/ExP(1)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 ASU(m)-3/AFEIR ACCESSION NR: APSO05608 5/0190/64/006/007/1228 AUTHOR: Sosin, S. L.; Morozova, Ye. H.; Korshak, V. V. TITLE: Production of high-molecular compounds on the basis of sillyl by the method of polyrecombination SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 7, 1964, 1228-1233 TOPIC TAGS: polymerization, macromolecular chemisty ABSTRACT: Polymers were synthesized by the reaction of polyrecombination. utilizing those factors that normally prevent radical polymerization / i.e. the filty of the allyl radical, which is incapable of continuing the received to recombination, and the ease of nomorytic stripping sen stoms of the methylene group. The method of synthesizing by polyrecombination reactions is based on the recombination of the included by attripping the labile hydrogen stoms by the ridicals the thermal decomposition of peruxidas. The priving mainstion was conducted at 2000, using p-allylanisole as the mon-mer and butyl peroxide as the source of free radicals. A polymer was Card 1/2

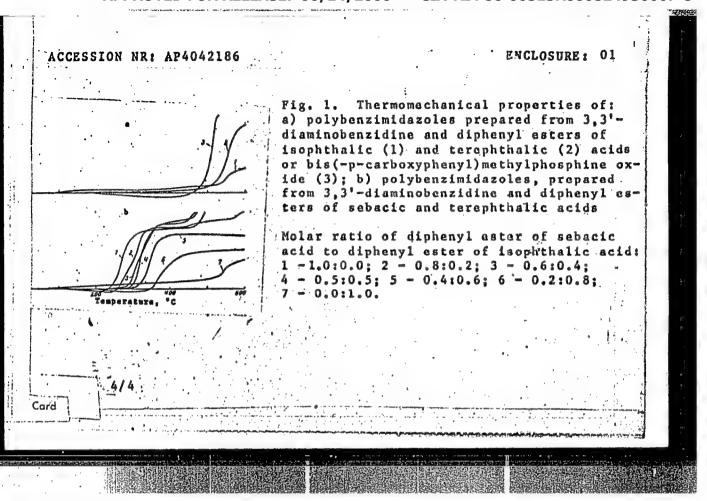
AP5003608 obtained, in which the double bonds were preserved. The polymer possessed a molecular weight of 5.106 and melted at 3000. It was shown that polymer formation proceeds in two steps, namely by preliminary conversion of allylancable to an ol comer with molecular weight ~ 4000 through the polyrecombination reaction (Liret step) than further polymerication of the oligoner according to a radical mechanism (second step) . Orig. art. has 3 formulas, 4 graphs and 1 table ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyddinaniy AN SSS3 (Institute of Hetercorganic Compounds. AN SSSR) . SUBMITIED: 22Ju163 ENCL: OG. SUB CODE: OC, NO REF SOV: OTHER: Card

\$/0190/64/006/007/1251/1255 AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Frunze, T. M.; Kurashav, V. V.; Lopatina, G. P. TITLE: Synthesis of certain polybenzimidazoles with a single or mixed single component, and study of their properties SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 1251-1255 TOPIC TAGS: copolymer, polybenzimidazole, infusible copolymer, insoluble copolymer, heat resistant copolymer ABSTRACT: New polybenzimidazoles with a single or mixed second component, have been synthesized, and their properties have been. studied. These organic copolymers have an unusually high heat re-, sistance. Polybenzimidazoles with a single second component were prepared by polycondensation of 3,3'-diaminobenzidine (DAB) with diphenyl esters of isophthalic acid, terephthalic acid, or bis (pcarboxyphenyl)methylphosphine. The first two polybenzimidazoles proved to be infusible and insoluble. The P-containing polybenzimidazole Card



is also infusible, but dissolves in formic and sulfuric acids. attempt to synthesize an F-containing copolymer by polycondensation of DAB with the diphenyl ester of perfluoroterephthalic acid failed as a result of the decomposition of the polycondensation product. The thermomechanical curves of the synthesized products are given in Fig. la of the Enclosure. Polybenzimidazoles with a mixed second component were prepared from DAB and mixtures of diphenyl esters of 1) terephthalic and isophthalic acids, 2), sebacic and isophthalic acids, and 3) sebacic and terephthalic acids. The thermomechanical curves of some of the products are given in Fig. 1b. Polybenzimidazoles containing mixed aromatic second components are infusible and are soluble only with difficulty; their solubility depends on the composition of the initial mixture. Polybenzimidazoles containing both aromatic and aliphatic groups exhibit a better solubility, which increases with an increase in aliphatic component content. Orig. art.

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ACCESSION NR: AP4043775

8/0190/64/006/008/1394/1397

AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V., Manucharova, I. F., Frunze, T. M., Kurashev, V. V.

TITLE: Investigation of the thermal stability of some homogeneous and mixed polybenzimidazoles by the method of differential thermal analysis

SCURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 8, 1964, 1394-1397

TOPIC TAGS: thermal stability, polybenzimidazole, differential thermal analysis, mixed polymer, thermogram

ABSTRACT: Using the gravimetric method described in an earlier paper, the authors investigated the thermal stability of ten polybenzimidazoles prepared from 3,3'-diamino-benzidine and the diphenylesters of either bis-(p-carboxyphenyl) methylphosphine oxide or terephthalic, isophthalic and sebacic acid. The weight loss of the polymers, heated in a, stream of nitrogen to 550, 600 and 650C, the temperature of incipient decomposition and the temperature of steep weight loss are tabulated. As shown by Fig. 1. in the Enclosure, all these polymers, especially those of homogeneous composition, exhibited a high degree of thermal resistance, showing the first signs of decomposition at temperatures between 400 and 520C. The relationships between thermal behavior and polymer composition are

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ACCESSION NR: AP4043775

discussed at length. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Affiliation: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute of Organometallic Compounds, AN SSSR); Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni Kurnakova AN SSSR (Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, AN SSSR)

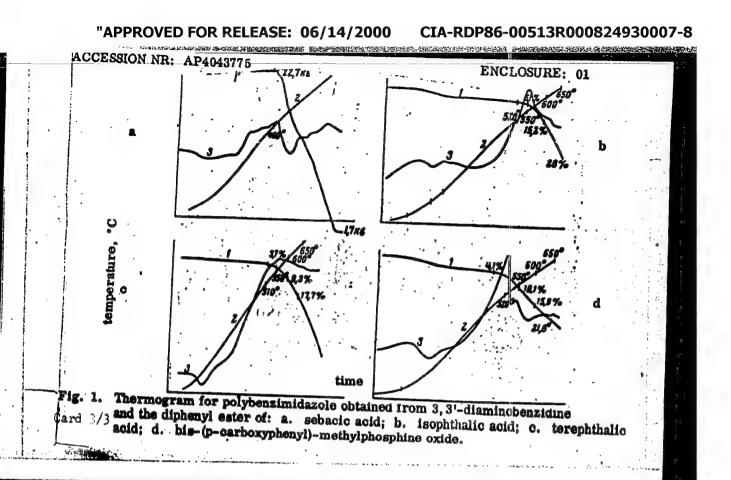
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ACCESSION NR: AP4043776

AUTHOR: Sladkov, A. M., Korshak, V. V., Makhsumov, A. G.

TITLE: Synthesis and investigation of the properties of polyesters containing triple bonds in the chain. Polycondensation of acetylene glycols with dicarboxylic acids

SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 8, 1964, 1398-1402

TOPIC TAGS: polyester, acetylene, polyacetylene, acetylene glycol, dicarboxylic acid, polycondensation, polymer physical property

ABSTRACT: Polyhexadieneisophthalate, polybutenephthalate, polybutynephthalate, polybutyneisophthalate, polyhexadieneterephthalate, polybutynemaleate, polybutenemaleate, polybutenesuccinate, polybutynesuccinate, and polybutenefumarate were prepared by the classical condensation of acetylene glycols with the chloroanhydrides of dicarboxylic acids, to supplement the results of a previous study in which similar polymers were obtained by polydehydrocondensation with oxidation. The melting point, yield, molecular weight, solubility, empirical formula of the monomer and elemental analysis, found vs calculated, are tabulated, as well as the infrared spectra of the polymers. The synthesis of 2,4-hexadienediol-1,6 and the polycondensation of butynediol with succinic anhydride, butynediol

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ACCESSION NR: AP4043776

with isophthalylchloride, 2,4-hexadienediol-1,6 with isophthalylchloride and butenediol-1,4 with fumaric acid are described in detail. Thermomechanical curves (relative elongation vs. temperature) of the polymers are presented and discussed. Orig. art. has: 3 tables and 1 figure

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute of Organometallic Compounds. AN SSSR).

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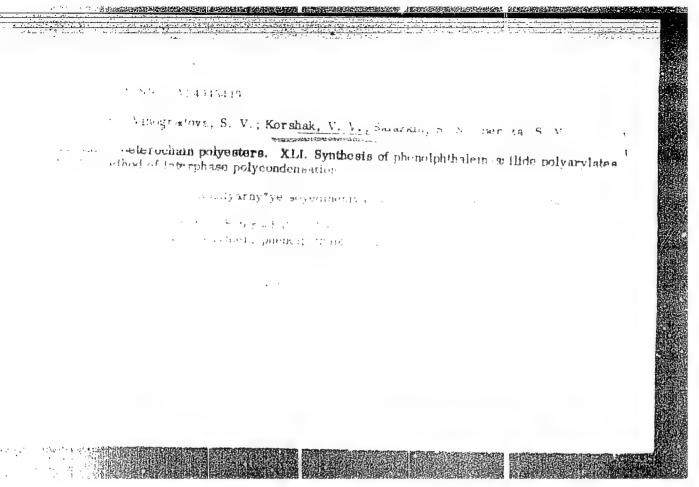
AUTHOR: Vinogradova, S. V., Korshak, V. V., Salazkin, S. N., Bereza, S. V.

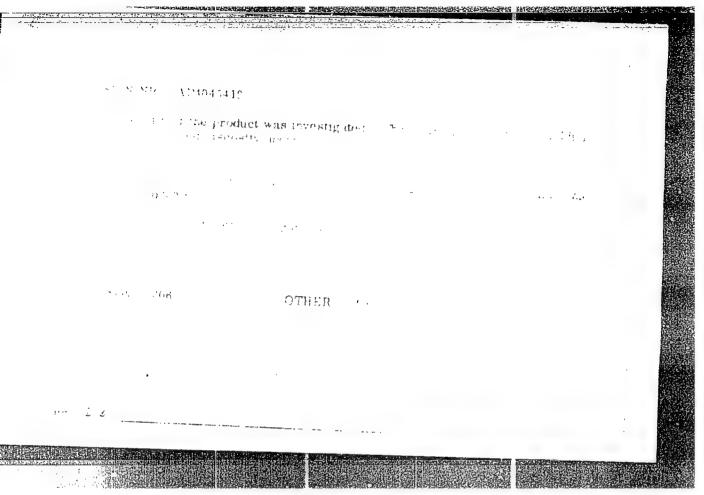
TITLE: Heterocyclic polyesters. LX. Polyarylates based on Phenolphthalein anilide

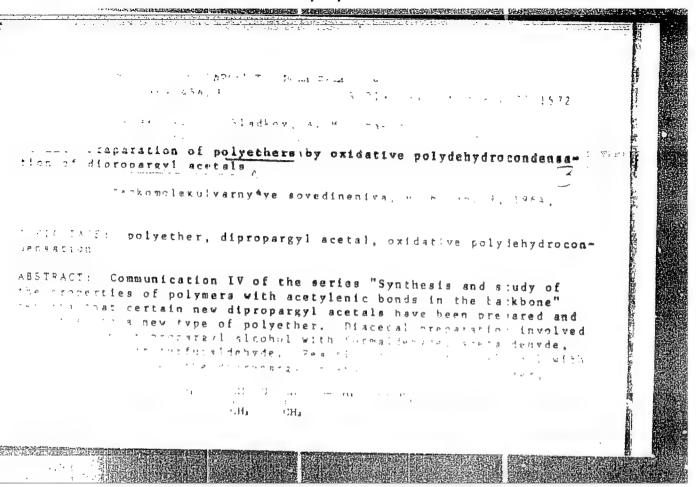
SOURCE: Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 8, 1964, 1403-1406

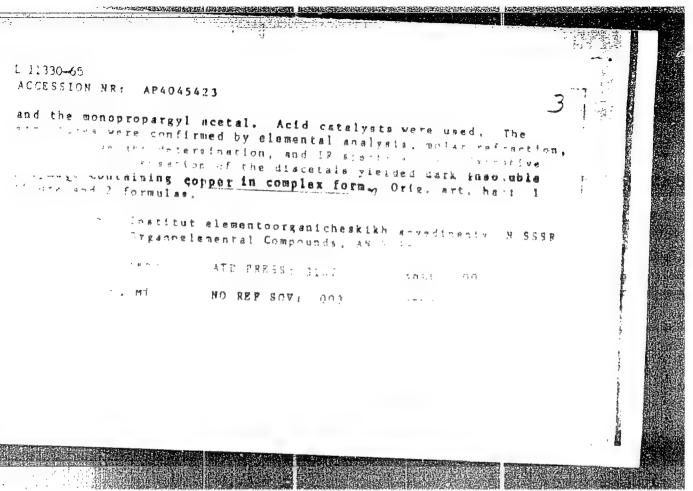
TOPIC TAGS: polyester, polyarylate, phenolphthalein, phenolphthalein anilide, heterocyclic polyester

ABSTRACT: Using their method of equilibrium condensation described in Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya 4, 339, 1962, with chlorodiphenyl in place of ditolylmethane as the iyarny ye soyedineniya 4, 539, 1902, with entorodiphonyl in place of ditolylmethalic as solvent, the authors prepared polyarylates of 4,4'-diphonyldicarboxylic, terephthalic, isophthalic, diphenic, fumaric and sebacic acids with phenolphthalein anilide as the base. The phenolphthalein anilide was prepared by a procedure described by Albert [Berichte der deutschen chemischen Gesellschaft, 26, 3077, 1893); and technique of interphase polycondensation, which was also employed consisted of 1. adding a 0.1 benzene solution of chloroanhydride of the dicarboxylic acid to a 0.1 alkaline solution of phenolphthalein anilide, containing 0.9-1.0% of nekal, 2. thoroughly mixing for 20 min, and 3. precipitating the polymer with methanol, washing with methanol and hot water and drying in a vacuum at 80C.

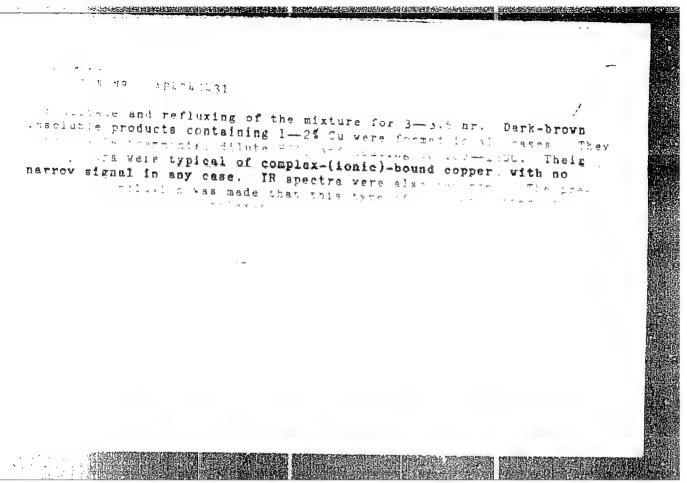






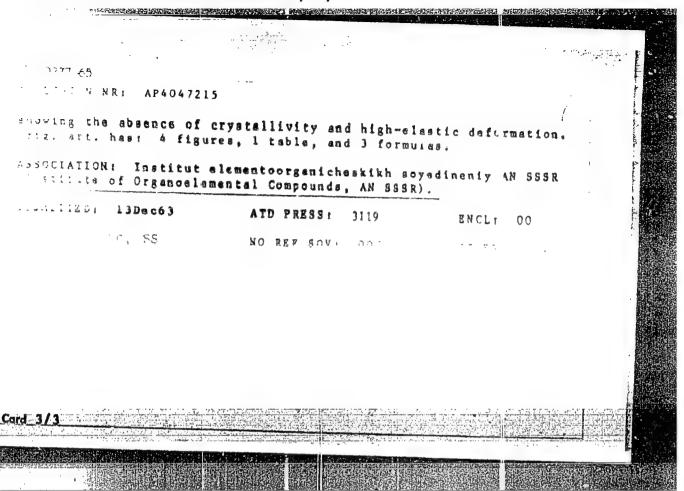


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EWT(1)/2 EWT(1)/EPA(e)-2/EWG(k)/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(1)/T Pc-4/Pz-6/PT-4/Pt-10SR - AP404 215 5/019: 54:006 / 0:1848/1851 Tikovskip, D. G.; Soain, S. L., Kirsbak, T. . . Polydispersity and chain structure of polyphenyl methylane Vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 0, 1964. issue lable, and top half of insert facing p. 1850 TOPIC TAGE: polydispersity, chain structure, polyphenylmethylene, forganic semiconductor, bractionation, molecular weight, ntriusic Viscosity, samiconducting polymer ABSTRACT: A study has been made of the fractional composition of and latertylene (PPA) and of the relationship between the moleor weight (H) and the intrinsic viscosity [n] of frac ionated reviously prepared PPM was fractionated by means if precipisaddition of a nonsolvent. The intrinsic visco-liv and weight were determined for each fraction by li, ht scatterthat FPM showed considerable polydispersity when the Mw/Hr ratio was

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KORSHAK, V.V.; VINGGRADOVA, S.V.; VINGGRADOV, H.G.

Ring formation in beryllium polysəbacyl diacetonate solutions. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.11:1987-1991 N 164 (MIRA 18:2)

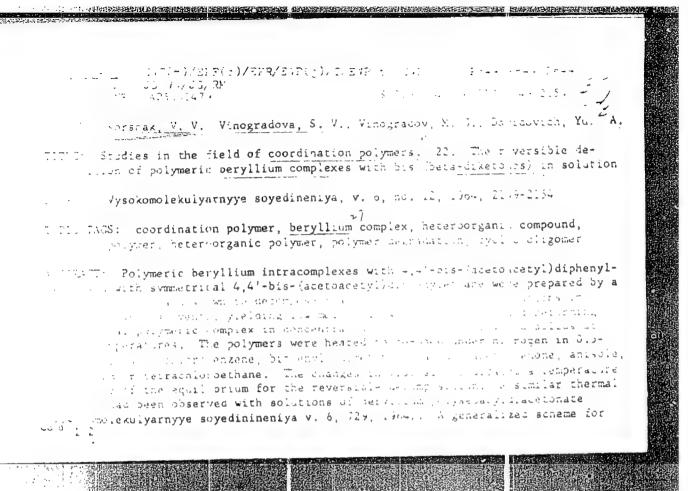
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TIMOFEYEVA, G.1.; DUBROVINA, L.V.; KORSHAK, V.V.; PAVLOVA, S.A.

Viscosimetric properties of polyarylates. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.11:2008-2010 N '64 (MIRA 18:2)

Molecular weight distribution of polyarylates. Ibid. 22011-2014

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ACCESSION MR: APSO01479

the reversible formation of cyclic oligomers from intracomplex berillium polymers passed. Orig. art. has: 3 tables, 5 figures and 3 formulas.

FIGURE Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute for erusrganic Compounds, AN SSSR)

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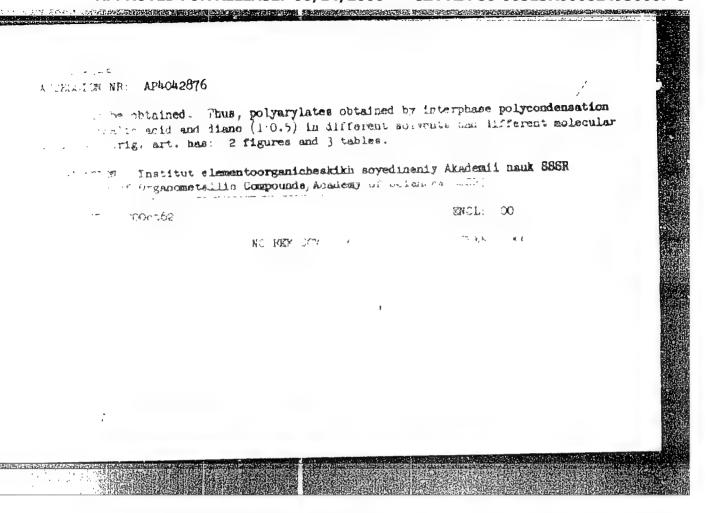
Cara 2/2

11.5-5-65 ENT(m)/APT(c)/ENP(j) Pc-4/Pr-4 RM s/0190/64/006/0 2/2174/217T 2 PIRION NR: AP5001482 AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Vinogradova, S. V.; Antonova-Ant pova, I. P. Think. Colored polyaryl carbonates based on h, a -Azobenz nedicarboxylic acid SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 12, 1964, 2174-2177 TOPIC TAGS: polyaryl carbonate, colored polyaryl carbonate, homopolymeric polyaryl carbonate, mixed polyaryl carbonate APATEACT: Colored polyaryl esters based on 4,4'-azobenzenedicarboxylic acid have been prepared by equilibrium or by interfacial polycontensation. Homopolymeric polyaryl esters were synthesized from " - cenzenedicarbonyl chloride and phenolphthalein bisphenol A, hydrothe, or resorcinol. Mixed polyaryl esters were synthesized from i, 4 - azobenzenedicarbonyl chloride, terephthe, ic or isophthalic acid, and phenolphthalein. The syntheses yielded /olor-fast materials owing to the presence of the -N=N- chromophore group in the backbone. Homopolymeric polyaryl esters prepared from 4,4 -azobenzenedicarbonyl Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP5001482 chloride and bisphenol A or resorcinol were crystalline. All other homopolymeric and mixed polyaryl esters were amorphous. Comopolymeric and mixed polyaryl esters based on phenolphthalein have high softening temperatures (250-3500). Some polyaryl esters based on 1,4°-azo-5:0.5) had a softening point of 440-4617. They dissolve in organic solvents and form strong-colored transparent films in a matter one. Orig. art. has: 4 tables. ATOTOTATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedipeniy AN SSSR . It is of Heteroorganic Compounds, AN SSSF - HWITTED 21Feb64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: NO. GC 40 PER SOV: 007 OTHER: 002 ATD PPPSS: 3171 Card 2/2

\$/0062/64/000/007/1281/1288 ACCESSION NR: AP4042875 AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Krongauz, Ye. S.; Berlin, A. H.; Gribkova, P. N.; Sheina, V. Ye. TITLE: Synthesis of polymers for the polycyclization reaction. Communication 1. Polypyrazoles Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 7, 1964, SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. 1281-1288 TOPIC TAGS: polymer, heat resistant polymer, polyhydrazone, polypyrazole, bis-(β-diketone), dicarboxylic acid dihydrazide, polycyclization reaction, polypyrazole structure, polypyrazole property ABSTRACT: Polymers containing pyrazole rings have been synthesized in an attempt to produce new polymeric materials with improved heat resistance and chemical stability. Polypyrazoles were synthesized . from bis-(8-diketones) of the R'COCH2 CO-R-COCH2 COR' type and dihydrazides of dicarboxylic acids. The reaction, designated as polycycliza-tion, proceeds in two steps: 1) formation of polyhydrazones by the reaction of the carbonyl oxygen of the ketone with the end amine

RPL JAJ/RM 11979-65 ENT(2)/EPF(c)/ENP(1)/T Pc-1/Pr-4 5/0062/64/000/007/1288/1292 + es APANA2876 - - nnk, V., V.; Vinogradova, S. V.; Wu, Parg-yusu on the contract of year index y lates Communication it progresses The the interphase polycondensation. W SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 7, 1964, 1288-1292 polysmidoar; late, structure, beterochain polyseter, phosphorus yaryiata block, polyamide block, morecurar veloni The structure of polyamidoarylates prepared from bis(p-carboxyphenyl)sphine oxide or sebacic acid with diane and hexamethylenediamine (1:0.5:0. * The viscosity in tricresol one was reduced rapidly during the firs two nours of heating, then countly is prolonged heating. Thermanectivities ourses were drawn. des the polymers contain polyarylate as a surface of different the other research and Line interphase polymerers and a pulsase polyment have a me



ACCESSION NR: AP4042877

B/0062/64/000/007/1292/1295

AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Vinogradova, S. V.; Wu, Pang-yuan

TITIE: Heterochain polyesters Communication 51. Polyemidoarylates and polyarylates based on the chloraphydride of bis(p-carboxyphenyl)methylphosphine oxide.

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 7, 1964, 1292-1295

TOPIC TAGS: Heterochain polyester, polyamiddarylate, polyarylate, phosphorus containing polyester, synthesis, interphase polycondensation, solution polycondensation, thermally reactive polyarylate, softening temperature, viscosity, crystall—inity, linear polymer, self extinguishing polymer

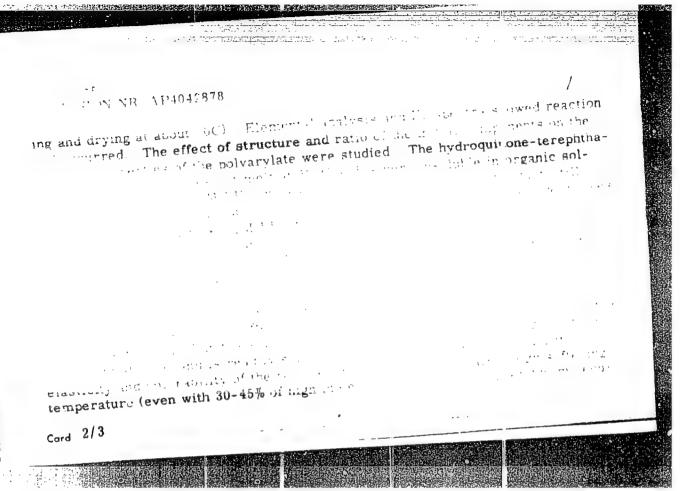
ABSTRACT: Polyemidoarylates based on the chloranhydride of bis(p-carboxyphenyl)methylphosphine oxide, diatomic phenols (diane, resorcinol, diallyldiane) and
diamines (hexamethylenediamine, m-phenylenediamine, piperazine) were synthesized
by the interphase polycondensation method. Polyarylates based on the chloranhydrides of bis(p-carboxyphenyl)-methylphosphine oxide, of terephthalic, isophthalic
or sebacic acids and phenols (diane, resorcinol, hydroquinone) were synthesized by
equilibrium polycondensation in high boiling solvent. A thermally reactive

Card 1/2

Card APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824930007

< 1006116410001007/1298/1302 NR AP4042878 Winogradova, S. V., Korshak in the top war it Sh There have polyesters Commun. It is as Wester bloc : polyarylates . polyethylene exide, dihydric phenols and inomati diearboxylic acid SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya sündürünek isili olu ili 64, 1296-1302 The Sofet wham polyester, polyarvlate polyethylene oxide, dihydric aromatic dicarboxylic chlorant to be become given triethylene gly-THE TRACT Mixed block polyarylates based on polyethylene ox de (PEO) of dife der weights (or di- or triethylene glycol), diane, hydroquinone, the menosphihalein and the mioranty fridence, soch palic or tereph-220C for 7 nours, precipitating product polymer with the filtering wash-Cord1/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824930007-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000



L 16664-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4042878

It is registrate larger the amount of PEO that may be incorporated to improve and force of a series of inferring temperature as a control of a right mode on G-2, the product still does not melt at 5000 with the same weight catalylene glycologie melting temperature is reduced to about 180 or one tively. Originant, has 3 figures and 3 tables.

SUBMITTED: 12Dec62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: GC, 00

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 000

Card 3/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4028153 S/0291/64/000/001/0067/0070

AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Sladkov, A. M.; Makhsumov, A. G.

TITLE: Synthesis and investigation of properties of polyesters containing triple bonds in the chain. Communication 2. Production of polyesters by the oxidative dehydropolycondensation reaction

SOURCE: Uzbekskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal/ no. 1, 1964, 67-70

TOPIC TAGS: dipropargyl ester, dipropargyl polyester, acetylenic polyester, dipropargyl isophthalate, dipropargyl succinate, dipropargyl maleate, IR spectra, melting point. softening temperature, heat resistance, oxidative hydropolycondensation

ABSTRACT: Several new dipropargyl esters and polyesters were synthesized. Dipropargyl terephthalate, oxalate, isophthalate, succinate and maleate (the last three compounds have not been reported in the literature) were prepared by reaction of propargyl alcohol and the appropriate acid anhydride. The dipropargyl polyesters were then prepared by oxidative dehydropolycondensation in the

ACCESSION NR: AP4028153

presence of copper acetate in pyridine and methanol solutions by refluxing for 20 hours, pouring the product into cold water, and filtering the black polymer, which is formed according to the reaction:

$$nHC = C - H_{3}C - O - C - R - C - O - CH_{3} - C = CH$$

$$O O O$$

$$+[-C = C - CH_{3} - O - C - R - C - O - CH_{3} - C = C]_{n} - C$$

$$O O O$$

IR spectra of the polymers show C C, C-O, C=O and C-O-C groups and the absence of the ±C-H group. The polymers have high softening temperatures and high thermal stability (fig. 1). Orig. art. has: 2 tables, 1 figure and 1 equation ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii polymerov AN UzSSR (Institute of Polymer Chemistry, AN UzSSR)

SUBMITTED: 24May62

DATE AGQ: 29Apr64

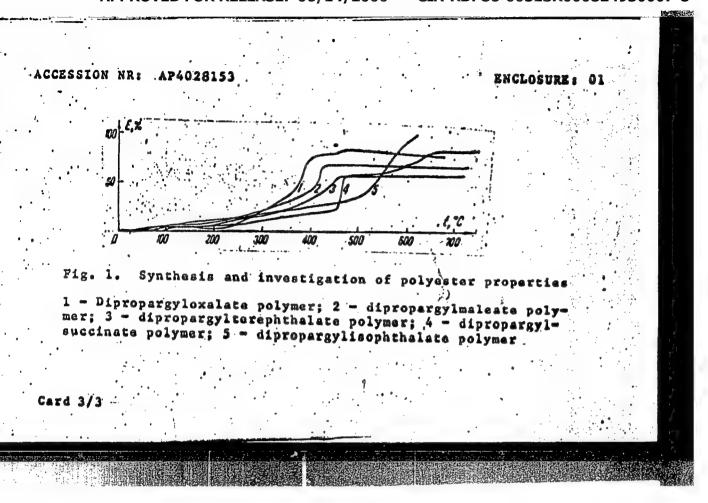
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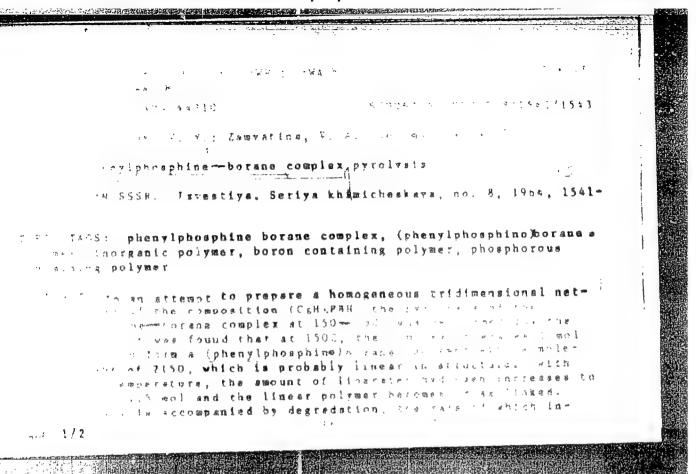
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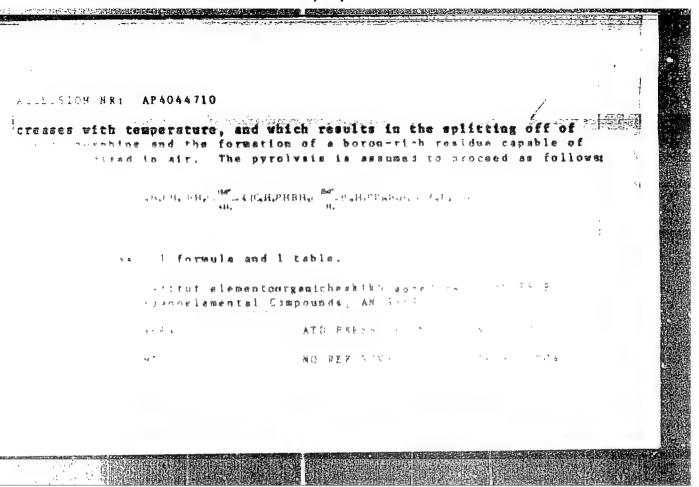
ATD PRESS: 3044

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 005







Kerenek, V.V.; Ogneva, N.Ye.; GOGUADZE, TS.A.; FOMIN, A.V.

Stabilization of water-logged soils by means of spatial copolymers of the acrylic series. Plast.massy nc.10:40-44 %64.

(MIRA 17:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824930007-8"

1 % () % TT NE - APACATAOT undsov, A. Mi Korshak, F. . widetive polydehydrocondensati with it will all the streets FIURCE: AN SSSR, Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, nr. 10, 1964, TOPIC TAGS: polyether, dipropargyl ether, oxidative polyhydrocondensation ADDITION New dipropargyl ethers of k, k'-dihydroxybithenyl, 1, $4-\frac{7}{7}$ - Syar oxymaththalene, alizarin, and quinizarin have been synthesized and polymers prepared therefrom by oxidative polydehydrocondensation The presence of copper salts. Because prover the prepared ear-the transfer to the transfer The transferring groups of the ends to 1 my meanting the dinydroxy complete as the manager tropped ... interesence of KOH at 70-80C. The monomers were identified by Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4047407

In spectroscopy and elemental analysis; their melting cints ranged to the first As expected, polyethers true allian manal

the than the other two polyethers. Trig art, has that the other two polyethers.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineriy Akademii neuk SSSR (Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, Academy of

SUBMITTED: 05Mar64

ATD PRESS: 3125

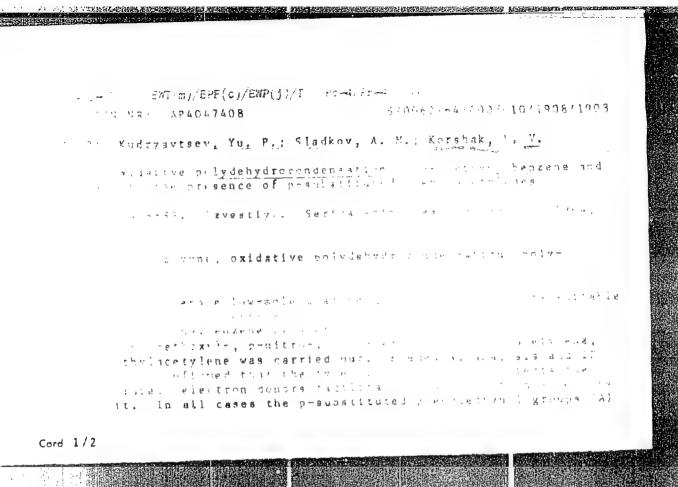
ENCL: QO

SUB CODE: OC, GC

FO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2



ACCESSION NR: AP4047408 were the end groups: $\land - \bigcirc - \bigcirc = \bigcirc - A.$ In the case of acetylene and p-nitrophenylacetylene, only mitroriphenylbutadiene Twan obtained. The alignmen of rese and netodoshansis -. formulas. ASSICIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii case \$353 (Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, Academy of ATD PRESS: 3126 ENCI: 00 SUBMITTED: 09Mar64 OTHER: 001 SUB CEDE: GC NO REF SOV: 003 Card 2/2

RM/WW

COESSION No. APSOCOAGE

S/0062/64/000/011/2104 2106

SA, V. ..; Frunze, T. M.; Izy*neyev, A. N.

So f the polycyclization reactions for the synthesis of the polycyclization reactions for the polycyclization reactions for the synthesis of the polycyclization reactions for the synthesis of the polycyclization reactions for the synthesis of the polycyclization reactions for the polycyclizat

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 11, 1764, 2105-2106

TOPIC TAGS: polyesterification, polycyclization, copolymer, mixed copolymer

ABSIFACT: Polyesterification and polycyclization have been used simultaneously for the proparation of poly(benzimidazole ester) (I) and poly(benzimidazole amido) (II). Copolymer I

vas synthesized from 3.3'-diaminobenzidine, 1,6-hexanediol, and dipaenyl sebacate under conditions described in an earlier study Cord 1/3

L 18296-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5000491

Copolymer I is a yellowish-green glassy amorphous product, insolvble in a number of organic solvents and partly soluble in not concentrated sulfuric acid. Its structure was confirmed by elemental analysis. Occelymers II were synthesized from bis(3,4-diaminophenyl)methane, 1,6-nexamediamine, and diphenyl sebacate. Copolymers Il are dark-brown glassy products. X-ray patterns indicate that the degree of crystal-limity of copolymers II increases with an increase in the colyanide content. Elemental analysis indicates that the chains of corolymer II contain imidazole, amide, and amine groups. The inermomechanical arrows of conclymers I and II are given in Fig. 1 of the unclosure. orig. art. nas: 2 figures.

ASSCCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN 3SSR Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, AN SSS?"

SUBMITTED: 18Apr64

ENCL: 01

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NO REF SOV: 002

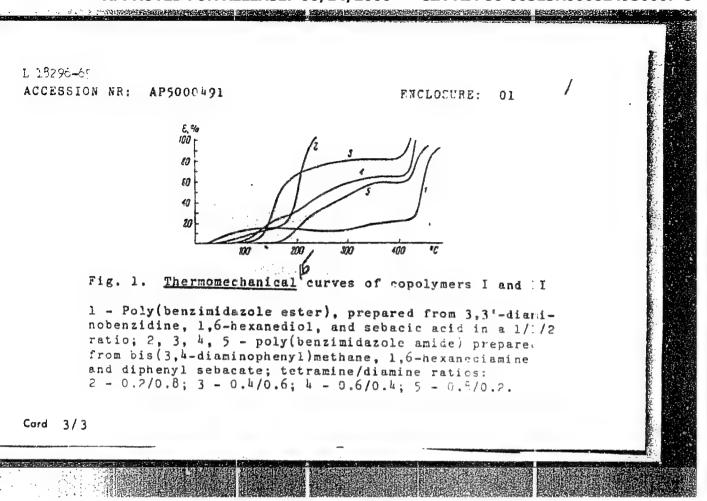
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3156 ATD PRESS:

Card 2/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824930007-8"



þ ACCESSION NR - AP5099746 \$/0191/64/006 012 0009 00 3 AUTHOR: Feshekhonova, A.L.; Kamenskiy, I.V.; Korshak, V.V.; Kovarskaya, B.M.; TITL' Conditions for the formation of steric structures in furfural-hexamethy enetetram-SOULCE: Plasticheskiye massy*, no. 12, 1964, 9-13 TOPIC . NGS: furfural copolymer, hexamethylenetetramine copolymer, polymer curing, of the strong polymer crosslinking polymer deformation infrared spectroscopy. ABS CAPT Crosslinking in furfural-hexamethylenetztramine polymers with molar ratios and in second in weights of 456 and 646 inconections in a systemetric determinant and the company of the spring of the company of The second section of the second seco 1 '2 Ca:

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824930007-8

I 305=65

A TCESSION NR: AP5000746

is all changes and catalytic curing. The latter was studied at 120-250C with Petrov's catalyst, in tenesaltonic acid, or zinc chloride, which gave better results than the other catalysts.

The continued of the cataly ically cured specimens started at went emperatures than a continued of the catalysts at higher term, or item. As a rease in the

error and the desire that the state of the s

and but also the nitrogen atoms of furan heterocycles—and the partial destruction and a confidence initial polymer molecule. Orig. art. has a retained indicate in the following section.

ASSOCIATION: None

UBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

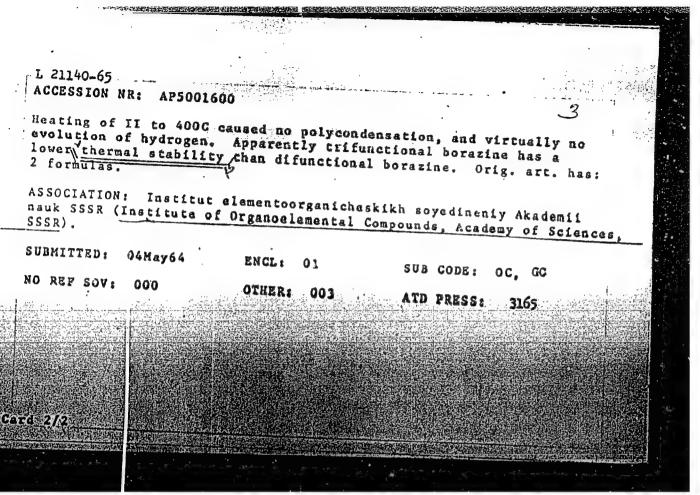
SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 011

OTHER: 005

Card 2/2

L_1146-65	/EFT(m)/T Pc-4/Pr-4/Ps-4/
•	2/64/000/012/2223/2224
AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Zamyatina, V. A.; Bek	asova, N. I.; Komarova, L.G.
TITLE: Polycondensation of 1,3,5-triphenyl	porazine
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimiche. 2223-2224 TOPIC TAGS: borazine, triphenylborazine, the ABSTRACT: The thermal stability of 1,3,5-t2-methyl-1,3,5-triphenylborazine (II) has bI to 400-420C produced evolution of hydrogen form a polymer with a molecular weight of 70 parent and brittle and nelts at above 500C; i partly hydrolizes in cold and boiling water.	rmal stability, polymer riphenylborazine (I) and een studied. Heating of and polycondensation to OO. The polymer is trans-
Card 1/2	



SOSIN, S. L.; KORSHAK, V. V.; VAL'KOVSKIY, D. G.

Reactivity of hydrocarbons and their derivatives in the polyre-combination reaction. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no. 2:376-378 Mr '64.

(MIRA 17:5)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Korshak).

ACCESSION NR: AP4034542

s/0020/64/155/005/1140/1143

AUTHOR: Sladkov, A. M.; Korshak, V. V. (Corresponding member); Kudryavtsev, Yu. P.: Makhsumov, A. G.

TITLE: Synthesis of polyethers containing triple bonds in the chain.

BOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklody*, v. 155, no. 5, 1964, 1140-1143

TOPIC TAGS: polyether, synthesis, triple bond polyether, monopropargyl ether copolymer, dipropargyl ether copolymer, diethynylbenzene copolymer, unsaturated ether, electrophysical property, photoelectromotive force, conjugated polyene, IR spectra, acid polydehydrocondensation, conjugated triple bond, acetylenec ether polymer

ABSTRACT: Polyethers based on the acid condensation products of mono- and dipropargyl others with p-diethynylbenzene (DiB) were synthesized and their properties, especially their electrophysical properties, were studied. DEB was condensed under acid conditions with the dipropargyl others of 4,4-dibydroxydiphenyl, of 4,4-dibydroxydiphenyl-ol-2-propane, and of hexafluoro-2,2-bis-(4-bydroxyphenyl)-propane, and the propargyl others of phenol, quinizarin and benzoic

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4034542

scid. These unsaturated ethers were selected because their certain electrophysical properties, such as photoelectromotive force. The characteristic for conjugated polyenes were absent in these polymers. It was hoped that incorporating DEB in the chain of the polyether molecule would change its electrophysical properties. IR spectra of the products obtained showed the characteristic of the absorption bands for the acid polydehydrocondensation of DEB were preserved. From IR data and elementary analysis it is concluded that the generally insoluble polymers contained conjugated triple bonds alternated with the ether groups. spectra were obtained in the INEOS AN SSSR laboratory by N. A. Chumayevsk, whom the authors sincerely thank." Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR

(Institute of Organometallic Compounds Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED:

DATE ACQ: 13May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER:

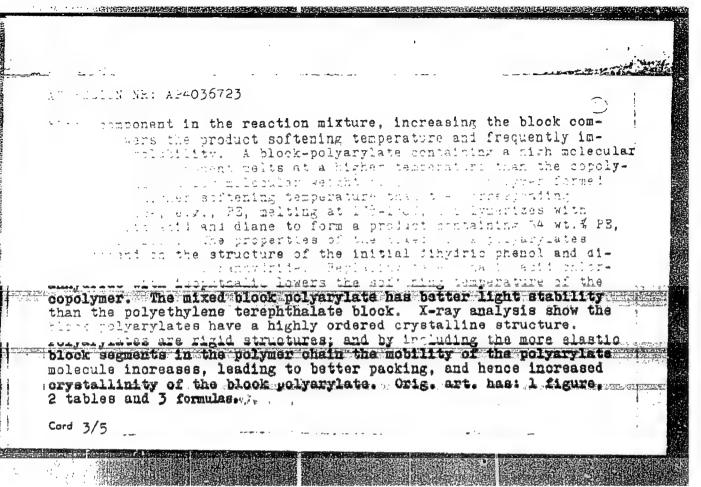
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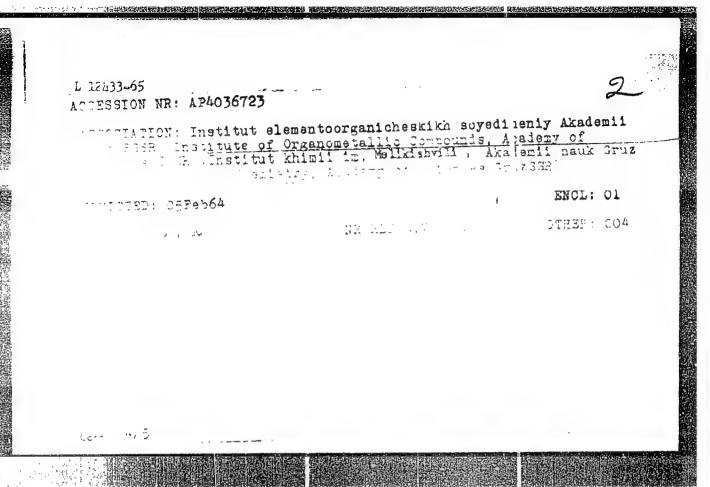
KORSHAK, V.V.; VINOGRADOVA, S.V.; VINOGRADOV, M.G.

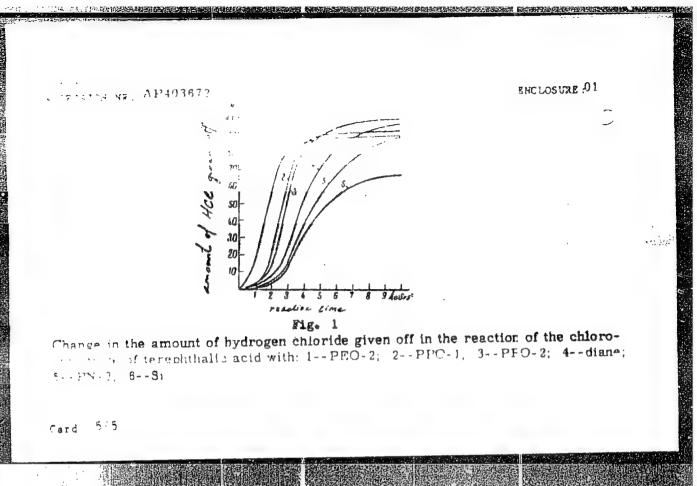
New method for the production of macrocyclic compounds from linear polymers. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no.6:1354-1356 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:4)

Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.
 Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Korshak).

EWT(m)/EPF(c)/T/EWP(d) Pc-L/Pr-L ARTO(a)/SSD/AFVL mint NP - A24036723 8/0020/64/156/002/0368/0371 A"" '33: Korshak, V.V. (Corresponding member AN SSSR); Vinogradova, 8.V.; Papava, G.Sh.; Tsiskarishvili, P.D. TITLE: Investigations in the area of mixed block-polyarylates "SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady", v. 156, no. 2, 1964, 368-371 TOPIC TAGS: mixed block polyarylate, synthesis, polycondensation, grapherty modification, elasticity, solubility, viscosity, pentone, at the containing oligomer, polypropyleneglycol, polyethyleneglycol, pentone polyarylate, silicon oligomer polyarylate, polypropyleneglycol polyarylate, polyethylene glycol polyarylate, softening point, light stability, crystallinity, block copolymerization AT ITRACT: Mixed block-polyarylates containing different structures block were synthesized to determine the possibility of modify-properties (increasing elasticity, colorability, solubility ... sity while retaining high glassing temperature of the poly-: 10 polyarylates. Polycondensation reactions of the types. = radical of the block component molecule. B = dihydric







KORSHAK, V.V.; VINOGRADOVA, S.V.; PANKRATOV, V.A.

Effect of the structure of initial biphenols on the properties of polyarylates. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 4:880-883 Je 164.

(MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

2. Cheln-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Korshak).

ACCESSION NR: AP4041160

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

s/0020/64/156/004/0924/0925

AUTHOR: Sloninskiy, G. L.: Korshak, V. V.; Vinogradova, S. V.; Kitaygorodskiy
A. I.; Askadskiy, A. A.; Salazkin, S. N.; Belavtseva, Ye. M.
TITIE: Physico-chemical means of regulating supermolecular structure and mechanical properties of smorphous polyarylate F-1.

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady*, v. 156, no. 4, 1964, 924-925, and insert facing p. 924

TOPIC TAGS: polyarylate , supermolecular structure, smorphous polymer, mechanical property, control, regulation, phenolphthalein isophthalic acid polymer, polymerization, reaction medium, brittleness, elongation, strength, impact strength rigid macromolecular structure

ABSTRACT: The supermolecular structure and consequently the mechanical properties, especially the brittleness, of emorphous polyarylate F-1 (phenolphthalein-isophthalic acid based polymer) were improved by selecting a new polymerization reaction medium. Electron microscopic comparison of F-1 polymerized as previously in ditolylmethane in which it is insoluble and polymerized in et-chloronaphthalene in which it is soluble showed the structure no longer comprised a multitude of fine weakly bonded spherical particles, but was fibrillar with no fractures. In the

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP40411GO

ditolylmethane the free energy of formation of the coagulated macromolecule was less than for an uncoiled macromolecule. The desired change in the superstructure (i.e., uncoiling) was effected by the solvent. The mechanical properties of the two types of F-1 of the same molecular weight (28,000) were compared. The clongation increased from 10-20% in the brittle to 50-80% in the fibrillar material; strength increased from 640-740 kg/cm² and impact strength from 2-3 to 6-10 kg/cm/cm². Thus brittleness was reduced by a factor of about 4. In the 50,000 molecular weight material the clongation was 130% and impact strength, 20 kg.cm/cm². It is concluded that the mechanical properties of polymers with rigid macromolecules should be regulated not only by chemical changes in the macromolecule but also by the physical conditions of the surrounding media in which the macromolecule is formed. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskiki soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Organometallic compounds Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: OZMAr64 DATE ALL MAINTED: OZMAR64

SUB CODE: OC, SS NO REP BOY: 005

Card : 2/2

SOSIN, S.L.; KORSHAK, V.V.; VASNEV, V.A.

Effect of polar factors in the polyrecombination reaction. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 5:1124-1126 Je '64. (MIRA 17:6)

Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.
 Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Korshak).

	L:8900-65 Ex ASD(a)-5/ESD(t)/	T(1)/EPA(s)-2/ENG(k)/ENAFWL/RAEM(t) AT/RM		mala and a series of the		
	ACCESSION ER: AUTHOR: Kudr Nedoshivin, Y	APkok5633 yavtsev. Yu. P.; 61 u. N.; Kasatochkin.	V. I.; Korshal		13	
	BOURCE: AN a TOPIC TAGS: chlorination ABSTRACT: Pone have be ples were pr	of the properties SSR. Doklady*, v. organic semiconduct polyacetylene blymers containing cen studied by IR and spared by dehydrochith sodium amide in	conjugated poly EPR spec rosc	ting polymer, yne groups in opy. The poly oly (vinylidens	the back- mer sam- chlo- um anide	
	sodium methy metal. IR s	ith sodium amide in ofuran; 3) as in (2) late in boiling meth pectra of the samply your prepared by o except that of sod	enol; and 4) vi	th fusion with a and compared	with acetylene	
-	(

	L 8900-65
	ponding to the CEC bond were found. It was concluded that poly(vinylidene chloride) dehydrochlorination is a suitable preparative method for polyyne or, at least, for fragments thereof. All of the samples gave a narrow EPR signal, with a g-factor close to that of a free electron and a line width of 5-9 oe; the unpaired electron concentra-
***************************************	tion rose with the degree of dehydrochlorination. Orig. art. has: 1 formula and 3 figures. ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy. Akademii hauk SSSR (Institute of Organoelemental Compounds, Academy of Scheness SSSR)
	SUBMITTED: 30Apr64 ATD PRESS: 3109 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: NT, SS NO REF SOV: 004 OTHER: 001
	Cord 2/2

EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4L 14377-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4047327 5/0020/64/158/004/0915/0917 AUTHOR: Sosin, S. L.; Korshak, V. V. (Corresponding member AN SSSR); de hotskiy, D. G. TITLE: Reaction of biphenyl with tert-butyl peroxide SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady*, v. 158, no. 4, 1964, 915-917 TOPIC TAGS: polyrecombination, biphenyl, diphenyl ether, benzophenone, tertnivi perexide ABSTRACT: A study has been made of the polyrecombination of biphenyl, liphenyl etter. It benzophenone in the presence of tert-butyl peroxide to form polymers . The reactions were arried out $n \to -1$. It with the peroxide acres is twise $n \to \infty$ to the periodicity terriliation and recressions at a conto an introduction to the district of the control of the topscopy or analysis. The polymer products a continuous seasoness we formed resided methylation of methylphenyl radical reservoir or products with, I all 88 of a hydrogen atom by part of the metry, group, etc.

L 14377-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4047327

Polymers from diphenyl ether and benzophenone were prepared at peroxide, monomer ratios of 1.5/1 and above. Their respective molecular weights were 3000 and 15,000, and their melting points 160—177 and 205—2150. Grig. art. hts:

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR lastitute of Organoelemental Compounds, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

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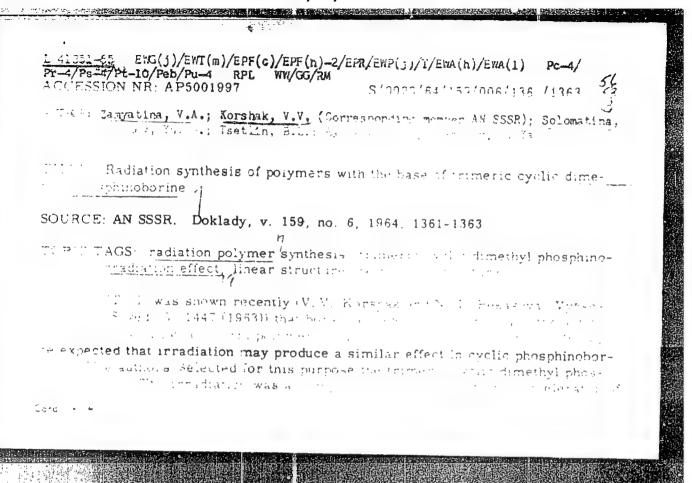
Card 2/2

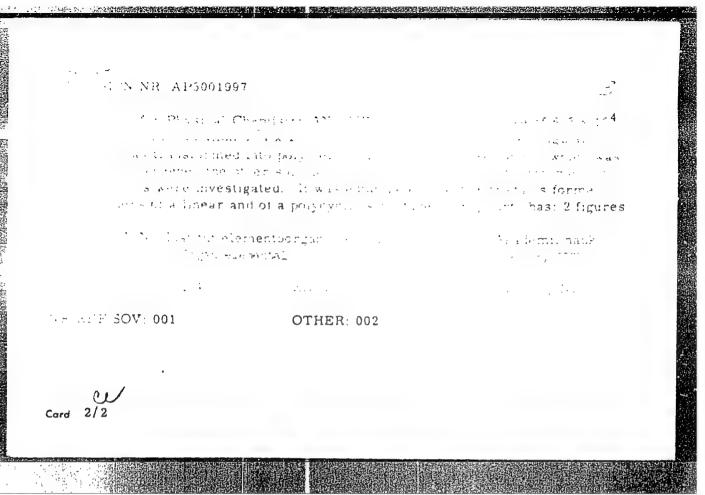
L 17655-65 EPA(s)-2/ENT(m)/EPF(Pc-4/Pr-4/Ps-4/Pt-10 EPA(s). 2/ENT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/EMP(j)/T RPL/ 5/0020/64/159/004/0843/0846 ACCESSION NR: AP5000916 Kasatochkin, V. I.; Korshak, V. V. (Corresponding member AN SSER); V. V.; Smutkina, Z. S.; Frünze, T. M.; Khrankova, T. M. TITLE: Some properties of polybenzimidazoles SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 159, no. 4, 1964, 843-846, and insert facing p. 844 TOPIC TAGS: polybenzimidazole, heat resistant polymer, organic semiconcuctor, semiconductor polymer ABSTRACT: The results of a comparative investigation of the structure and properties of polymers obtained by polycondensation of 3.3'-diaminobenzidine and diphenyl terephthalic or isophthalic acids are reported. The polycondensation was only ted under vacuum, at up to 380C for 3 1/2 hr. Polyhenzimidazoles with the structure Card 1/3

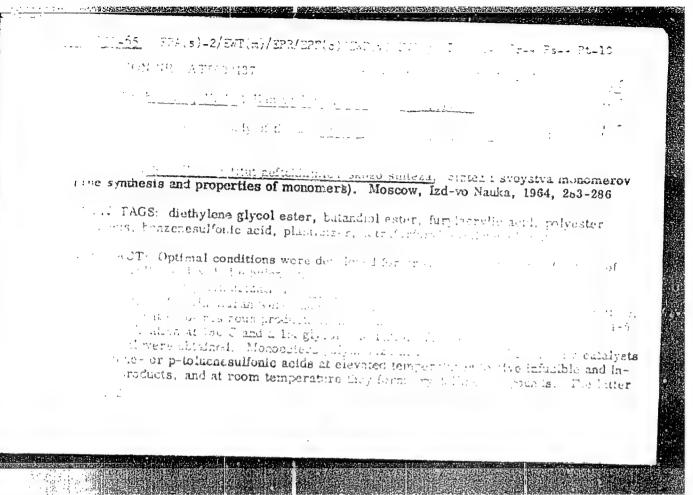
L 17655-65 ACCESSION NR: APSO00916 were obtained. The polymers had high thermal stability, i.e., basic changes in the elemental composition of both polymers took place it 5500 along with a considthe cleaning composition of volatile profit and the bave simiconductand the second of the second of the second of the second est of the transport of the second in . There it levated - NOTE 1 173-Line and amorphic continues as the Wisser traindicate, iv retaining a class of the control of the molecular seems are preserved. The extensive changes rusting place to the coray diffraction affords and IR spectra at up to 800° indicate a complete single in the initial companied by the progressive of the companied by the progressive of the companies of the formatically afford. It appears that the improvable group is a formal description. at it is smaller in molecular chains before the puer-cone troops do. O ig. art. tast 2 formulas, 3 figures, and 1 rable. ANS HIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh sovodponou in Despitate of : Barbelemental Compounds, AN SSSR); institut gorvictikh iskopayemy*kh (osudarstvennogo komiteta po toplivnoy promy*shlennosti pri Gentline SSSR (Mineral Fuel Institute of the State Committee for the Fuel Industry at the Gosplan, SSR) Card 2/3

L. 17455-65
A. CESSION NR: AP5000916
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Card 5/3







L 41156-65

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were identified as the corresponding diesters formed in the presence of ionic catalysts with the liberation of glycol. Thus, polymerization of the corresponding via

of Adesters. A low polymer visit of the arms of 1997-1997.

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ASSOCIATION: None

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L 40015-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(J)/T PC-4/Pr-4/Ps-4 RPL WM/05/RM
W E SIIN NR: AT4049840
                                          $ 10000764700070007002870032
    Surshak, V. V.; Davankov, A. B.; Fyushti, M. Sh.
      Towestigation of the copolymerization reactions and chemical transforma-
         polymers of methyl-substituted styrene with Davis. It. Introduction
          Morine atoms into the structure of a polymers of winding with
      englistyrene and divinylbenzene by chloromethylactic
   - For Chimicheskive svoystva i modifikateiva polimerov (Themical properties
         indication of polymers); spornik statev. Mos os. later. Nessa, 146.,
TOPIC TAGS: methyl-substituted styrene, vinyltoluene copolymer methylstyrene
copolymer, divinylbenzene copolymer, chloromethylation, diene copolymer, chloro-
methyl ether
ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the conditions of the introduction of mobile
 to the into the molecular structure of vinvitolimne-d-methylstyrene and vinyl-
                raining means
          a contribuently lether (b.g. r. o-19.5) to implement of Defreaction
            The effect of the granule size entry and in the information
           is dulc was investigated at the public surpersture of as no alphometryl
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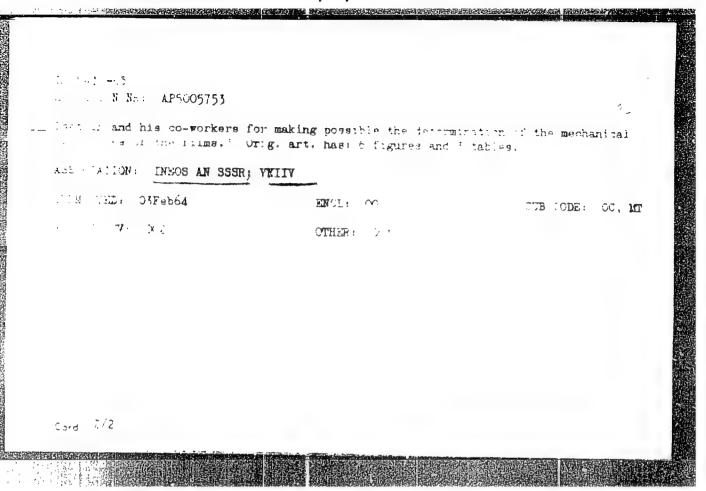
L 40015-65 ACCESSION NR: AT4049840 ether, using non-aqueous ZnCl2 as the catalyst. Analytical data show that by us-at the caloromethyl groups enter a size of the contract of the caloromethyl groups enter a size of the caloromethyl groups enter a size at chloromethylation proceeds in two stages. The rependence of Cl conand or methylated product on the time and rempetutive of reaction and I store of the catalyst was investigated and the old and sted. Data at 180 on the effect of time in relation to sive accommend content showed Transmissing number of crosslinks in the control of the products, this is the control of the con the copolymer in monochloromethyl ether who is a start of the bringe-The Touth (Pares, and Dente to the Constitution) and the majority of the Constitution * * * * * 1 1 1 well that in therease the constant of the appearance of the constant of the co contract the attention of the second section to * 1 * 1. * 1 * 1 * and are steethelds-... t, the swelling capacity of the copolymer increases, and the macromoleectice remains accessible to the monochloromethyl ecter molecules. The - Trient reaches its theoretical value in 3 hours. The effect of the nature and

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	different cataly	of vinvitaluese ord by	of copolymers containing	10%
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	Later and Later	results were ordained so. This demonstrates to select the contract of the cont	it is the constituting of the the constitution of the second constitution o	ter 193=
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KORSHAK, Vasiliy Vladimirovich; KRONGAUZ, Ye.S., red.

[Advances in polymer chemistry] Frogress polimernoi khimii. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 411 p. (MIRA 19:1)

EPA(3)-2/ENT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4/Pe-4/Pt-10 States /65/000/001/0035/0038 . TIN MY. AP5005753 Korshak, V. V.; Vinogradova, S. V.; Siling, S. A. tress with investigation for as a con-Ehimicheskiye volokma, no. 1, 1965, Deta 1239 polyester, stress measurement, strein measurement, solubility, thermal stability, polymer, formaldehyde/ Novolak No. 18 ARSTUART: The authors' purpose was a study of the possibility of increasing heat one of known polyarylates by partial cross which, of their polymer chains. and polyarylate of phenophthaloin unit of if the and a mixed to thate of n,n'-droxydipnenylpropane, terephthalic with and isophtralic acid reportions of 1:0.5:0.5 mole) were days. For order-unking agents the med Novelak No. 18 and formaldenyde. There's no were made to infrared m spectra, x-ray powder photographs, a latte ty, strength, and elongation. and mates that cross-linking of linear a leavy area may be effected with and formaldehyde. The degree of order- outlier televists on the amount of 49- .: noting agent, the temperature, and the important of the condition. First of need polyarylates are insoluble in organic solvents, and they possess high ma_ stability. "In conclusion, the authors express their thanks to B. J.



14 1 25 1 42 -4. V. V., Rogozhin, S. V., Cheu, Jun-m'e-The seminate stockets from the seminate F. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 1, 2000, 1, 200 Accene, dehydrocondensation, polymer come and disopropylbenzene polymens were one more to the thermal which reaction. The effect of the contract of or information, who every constraint of the second of the majority of the second of th afrance of the project them. المراجع والمتلاط أوالمراعض المراجع المراجع the also given of certain peculiarities of the polypenydrocondensation ing, art. has: 10 figures, 5 tables, 1 formulas in line to elementoorganicheskikh sovedineniv Avadomii nauk SSSR --- torganic Compounds, & atemy of a set of

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Pc-4/Pr-4 - JAJ/RM S/0062/65/000/001/0146/0154 EHT (m)/EPF(c)/EVE (j) 1 ACCESSION NR: AP5006415 AUTHOR: Korshak, V. V.; Rogozhin, S. V.; Sidorov, T. A.; Chou Jun-p' Pardya, I. I. TITLE: Preparation of polymer products from p-xylene, pseudocumene, and ditoly1ethane . SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 1, 1965, 146-154 TOPIC TAGS: polymer, xylene, pyrolysis, pyrolysis polymerization ABSTRACT: Polymer compounds were produced by thermal polydehydrocondensation waviere, oseudocumene, and ditolylethane. These hydrocarbons were pyrolized on an and the sent metal wire located in a liquid monomer. The effect of temperature and time on the yield of polymers was investigated and it was found that the yield increased with both temperature and time. The structure of the polymers was investigated through analysis of their infrared spectra. The probable mechanism of the formation of polymer products was discussed. It was assumed that the soluble . lymer of pexylene is formed chiefly by branching of linear molecules, as a result the section with active radicals and the recombination of macroradicals with each other or with radicals forming from monomers, dimers, etc. Orig. art. has: Card 1/2

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figures, 5 tables, 2 equ	mentoorganicheskik	h-soyedineniy A	kademii nauk SS	SR	A Carte Man
Institute of Elementoorga UBMITTED: 19Feb63	ENCL:			GC, 0C	Period :
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KORSHAK, V.V.; SIDOROV, T.A.; VINOGRADOVA, S.V.; KOMAROVA, L.I.; VALETSKIY, F.M.; LEBEDEVA, A.S.

Heterochain complex polyesters. Report No.52: Determination of double bonds in unsaturated polyarylates by infrared spectroscopy. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. khim. no.2:261-268 '65. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.